

# Annual Report



# Highlights

#### Identity

In 2018, the staff redefined the identity of Marion Public Health with a new mission, values, and brand materials. The new focus of MPH is on **health equity and creating a healthy culture** by working at the community's roots. Like a tree, if we keep the roots healthy and strong, then the community will be healthy and strong. So what's at the roots? Disease prevention, for sure. We will continue to provide those core public health services to prevent disease and protect the community. But there is more than that at the roots. Things like healthy homes, safe neighborhoods, access to healthy foods and physical activity, and access to health care all reside in the roots. Work at the roots is not a solo job. Moving the needle on our community's health issues will take working with our partners in new, impactful ways through creative collaboration.

The staff chose a tree to represent the new brand. The tree is healthy and strong. Marion sits under the tree and on top of the ground, also healthy and strong. Underground, at its roots, is Marion Public Health, working to create a system that provides a strong foundation for the community and ensuring that Marion and the tree grow healthy above.



#### Accreditation

Also in 2018, Marion Public Health achieved **national accreditation**! We are one of 27 local health departments in Ohio to achieve accreditation (out of 114), and one of only 244 accredited health departments nation-wide. While accreditation is voluntary in other states, Ohio has mandated that all local health departments be accredited by 2020. We are thrilled to have been able to achieve this honor well before the deadline. Going through the accreditation process helped us strengthen our infrastructure, develop plans for growth and improvement, and ultimately helped us reframe our identity to make a bigger impact on the health of our community.

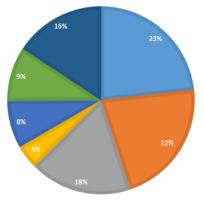


# **Fiscal Report**

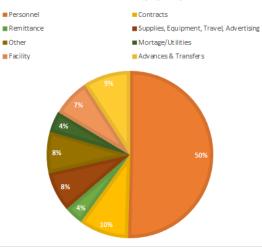
Fund	Beginning Balance	YTD Revenue	YTD Disbursed	Ending Balance	Encumbrances	Unencumbered Cash Balance
General Fund 9013	\$210,577.24	\$1,093,233.79	\$995,560.23	\$308,250.80	\$102,560.55	\$205,690.25
Campgrounds 9014	\$9,445.81	\$5,618.00	\$3,510.02	\$11,553.79	\$555.00	\$10,998.79
Private Water 9015	\$18,298.03	\$31,733.00	\$37,402.94	\$12,628.09	\$1,820.50	\$10,807.59
Solid Waste 9016	\$40,192.65	\$46,137.87	\$54,839.14	\$31,491.38	\$0.00	\$31,491.38
Nursing 9017	\$182,191.54	\$236,270.28	\$315,163.46	\$103,298.36	\$41,343.93	\$61,954.43
Food Service 9018	\$121,608.02	\$129,149.80	\$154,583.67	\$96,174.15	\$17,855.14	\$78,319.01
WIC Contingency 9033	\$19,003.03	\$0.00	\$5,773.11	\$13,229.92	\$0.00	\$13,229.92
Pools 9050	\$20,212.28	\$19,458.00	\$21,832.37	\$17,837.91	\$670.00	\$17,167.91
CFHS Grant 9078	\$22,904.86	\$72,200.35	\$43,323.69	\$51,781.52	\$0.00	\$51,781.52
MRC Grant 9090	\$26,930.89	\$0.00	\$18,826.72	\$8,104.17	\$1,188.98	\$6,915.19
Handicapped Needs Fund 9142	\$4,425.86	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,425.86	\$0.00	\$4,425.86
Sewage 9152	\$76,401.90	\$275,293.70	\$256,239.38	\$95,456.22	\$12,315.86	\$83,140.36
WIC Grant 9202	\$47,535.02	\$405,177.76	\$381,561.25	\$71,151.53	\$5,445.06	\$65,706.47
Moms Quit Grant 9211	\$6,812.92	\$33,749.80	\$26,482.00	\$14,080.72	\$5,006.78	\$9,073.94
CHC grant 9213	\$27,504.66	\$95,643.96	\$83,991.48	\$39,157.14	\$81.74	\$39,075.40
Facility 9227	\$252,321.09	\$218,190.67	\$250,321.05	\$220,190.71	\$108,352.51	\$111,838.20
Tattoos 9237	\$2,838.88	\$816.00	\$2,177.11	\$1,477.77	\$0.00	\$1,477.77
IAP Grant 9241	\$12,139.20	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,139.20	\$0.00	\$12,139.20
PHEP Grant 9243	\$20,724.04	\$88,926.86	\$55,602.71	\$54,048.19	\$18,208.96	\$35,839.23
Total	\$1,122,067.92	\$2,751,599.84	\$2,707,190.33	\$1,166,477.43	\$315,405.01	\$851,072.42

#### 2018 REVENUE: \$2,751,600

Tax Support Grants Fees & Licenses Clinical Services Contracts Advances & Transfers Other



#### 2018 EXPENSES: \$2,707,190



# Environmental Health

A safe environment is one of the most import factors to good health. Our environmental health team works hard to make sure we have a safe environment for those who live, work, and play in Marion County by conducting inspections, responding to complaints, and providing education to the community. Some of the highlights from their work in 2018 are listed below.



**Evaluations and Inspections: 275** 

Permits Issued: 89

Private Water Systems

**Inspections: 45** 

Number of Registered Plumbers: 41

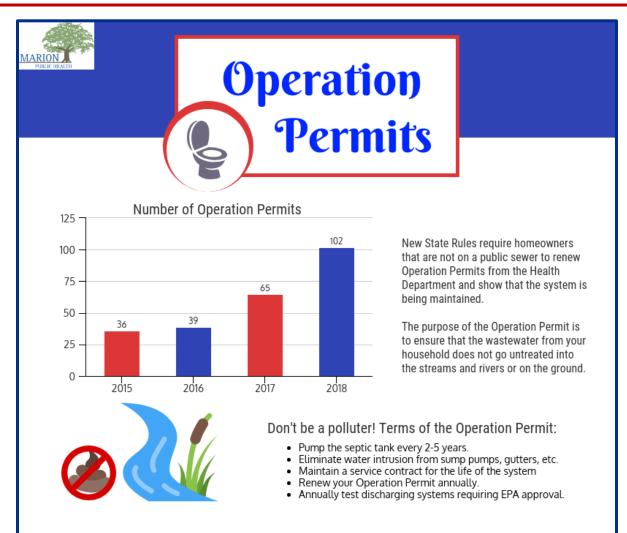
Permits Issued: 58

### Water Pollution Control Forgiveness Loan Fund-

This is a State EPA funded program that locally Marion Public Health is facilitating to eliminate pollution from failing septic systems. This year, there were 12 septic systems that were either repaired, replaced, or connected to a public sewer using this funding.

Each household is estimated to generate approximately 120 gallons of wastewater per bedroom per day. Through this grant, Marion Public Health was able to eliminate an estimated 4,320 gallons per day, or 1.685 million gallons per year, of untreated wastewater going into our lakes, streams, and ponds via farm tiles, ditches, creeks etc.

Untreated wastewater can cause contamination of nearby wells and recreational waters with disease carrying organisms that cause salmonella, giardiasis, typhoid fever, and gastrointestinal problems. It can also contribute to algal blooms that produce toxins that will affect a public drinking water supply like the ones in Toledo in 2014 and 2017 that caused the water to be unsafe to drink for hundreds of thousands of people.





# Food Safety by the Numbers

# 1013 $\,$ Food inspections conducted. This $\,$

included our standard inspections, complaint-driven inspections, foodborne illness investigations, mobile food vendors, and temporary food vendors.

407 Food permits issued to restaurants, grocery stores, vending machines, mobile food vendors, and temporary food vendors.



Routine \_\_\_\_\_\_FOOD \_\_\_\_\_ Inspections

Each year roughly one out of six Americans (that's 48 million people) get sick, 128,000 are hospitalized, and 3,000 die from food borne diseases.

Food facility inspections are conducted on a routine and complaint basis. Inspections are completed to ensure compliance with the Food Code and to maintain the safety of the public. These inspections determine if the facility is following the minimum standards and practices to keep the public safe from food borne illnesses.

### Top 3 CRITICAL violations

- Date marking and disposition: TCS foods are not properly date marked or discarded when required.
- 2. Time and Temperature Control: TCS foods being held at improper temperatures. Cold foods must be held 41F or below and hot foods must be held 135F or above.
- 3. Sanitizing: Equipment and utensils are not properly sanitized or not sanitized at the required frequency.

### Top 3 NON-CRITICAL violations

- Cleanliness of non-food contact surface: Build up and/or food debris on equipment.
- 2. Equipment in good repair: Damaged gaskets on coolers, non working/damaged equipment.
- 3. Thermometer: No thermometers available inside coolers.

TCS FOODS: Food that need time and temperature control for safety. i.e. milk, dairy products, eggs, meat, cut melons, etc.

## **Nuisance Abatement**

Complaints: 454

**Inspections: 810** 

City of Marion	655	Salt Rock Township	1
Big Island Township	4	Scott Township	2
Bowling Green Township	2	Tully Township	5
Claridon Township	2	Waldo Township	5
Grand Township	2	Village of Caledonia	3
Grand Prairie Township	13	Village of Green Camp	8
Green Camp Township		Village of LaRue	14
Marion Township	31	Village of Martel	4
Montgomery Township	2	Village of Morral	26
Pleasant Township	14	Village of New Bloomington	5
Prospect Township	1	Village of Prospect	5
Richland Township	2	Village of Waldo	2

### **Mosquito Control**

2016-2018

579 Mosquitoes Collected

64 Mosquito Pools Sampled **\*\****A* mosquito pool is a collection of mosquitoes of any given species or group that are likely to carry/transmit a virus

2 human cases of West Nile Virus 1 Mosquito tested positive for West Nile Virus

### Protect yourself from mosquito bites







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ect repellent We works! Wea the following lou ingredients: repe ARIDIN - IR3535 treat

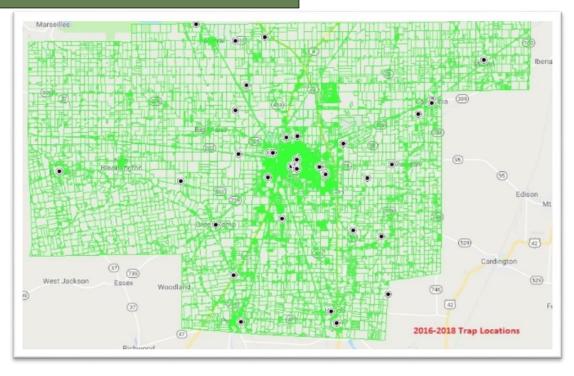
protective clothes Mo ng-sleeved shirts and Us pants and use insect d t. For extra protection, thing with permethrin, mos

Use screens on windows and doors. Use air conditioning when available. Keep mosquitoes from laying eggs in and near standing water.

re information: lc.gov/chikungunya • www.cdc.gov/dengue • wv Wear long-sleeved shirts long pants and use inse repellent. For extra protec treat clothing with permet

ion, when available. K Irin. mosquitoes from layin and near standing v

CDC



# Nursing and WIC

The nursing division at Marion Public Health offers a wide array of services to protect the health of Marion County residents. This includes communicable disease investigation, immunizations, and assistance for children with medical handicaps. In addition to that, our WIC staff provide several programs, including smoking cessation, breastfeeding education, and safe sleep. Some of the highlights from their work in 2018 are listed below.

### 2018 Nursing Programs

- Immunizations
- Children with Medical Handicaps
- Communicable Disease prevention and investigation
- Emergency Preparedness
- Medical Reserve Corps
- 🐢 Lead testing
- Tuberculosis testing
- Sexual Health Clinic (in partnership with Union County Health Department)
- Naloxone distribution
- 🐢 Clean needle exchange
- Foster Care communicable disease checks

We partner with Union County Health Department to provide a sexual health clinic for Marion County residents. The clinic provides STD testing and treatment, family planning, and other sexual health services. In 2018, the clinic saw **260 clients**.





In 2018, we began distributing naloxone to the public as part of a Project Dawn grant. The health department provided the training free to anyone interested in carrying naloxone, which is used to treat drug overdose. In 2018, we distributed 138 kits. In partnership with ADAMH and Marion Area Counseling Center, we provide a clean needle exchange program as a way to help prevent the spread of communicable diseases such as Hepatitis and HIV. In 2018, we had 40 participant encounters and exchanged 809 needles. Elevated LEAD levels in children's blood are a major preventable health problem that affects children's mental and physical health. The higher a child's Blood Lead Level and the longer it persists, the greater the chance that the child will be affected. Elevated blood lead levels can result in:

- Learning disabilities
- Behavioral problems
- Mental retardation
- Extremely high levels (70  $\mu$ g/dL or higher) can cause seizures, comas, and even death

# In 2018, MPH performed 448 lead tests, 46 of which required follow up due to being too high.

#### Children with Medical Handicaps

The Children with Medical Handicaps (CMH) program is a tax-supported, state administered program in the Ohio Department of Health. This program was developed to help provide financial assistance to eligible families who have children (under the age of 21) with special health care needs. CMH offers diagnostic services, treatment services, and service coordination. Marion Public Health nurses recognize clients who may meet medial qualifications and provide information and assistance with the application process. Once a child is given a medically qualifying diagnosis and meets financial qualifications they are placed on the treatment program through CMH. All services related to the child's medical condition can then be billed to CMH.

The nurses at Marion Public Health serve as a liaison between the families and CMH. Each client is assigned a public health nurse who will conduct an initial nursing assessment of the child and follow-up with routine yearly home visits. The nurses also assist in coordinating services and recognizing unmet needs of these families. As family advocates the public health nurse ensures the child receives the medical, social, and financial services they need. MPH conducts communicable disease screenings on all Marion County foster children before they are placed with families. In 2018, we screened 34 foster children.

In 2018, MPH had 288 CMPH clients.

### 2018 Communicable Diseases

Disease	Number
Campylobacteriosis	21
Chlamydia	326
Cryptosporidiosis	12
E-Coli – enterohemorrhagic (Shiga toxin producing) – Not O157:H7	3
Giardiasis	5
Gonococcal	74
Hemophilus Influenzae (Invasive disease)	1
Hepatitis A	13
Hepatitis B	25
Hepatitis C	169
HIV	3
Influenza-associated hospitalization	127
Legionnaires	2
Meningitis-aseptic/viral	7
Meningitis-bacterial (Not N. meningitidis)	1
Mumps	1
Salmonellosis	12
Shigellosis	2
Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis, including Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (RMSF)	1
Streptococcal-Group A-invasive	2
Streptococcus pneumoniae-invasive antibiotic resistance unknown or non-	7
resistant	
Syphilis	5
Varicella	2
Yersiniosis	1
Total	822

In 2018, we responded to 6 outbreaks. This included 4 outbreaks of Influenza, 2 outbreaks of Norovirus, and 1 outbreak of Cryptosporidium.

In epidemiology, an outbreak is a sudden increase in occurrences of a disease in a particular time and place. It may affect a small and localized group or impact upon thousands of people across an entire continent. Two linked cases of a rare infectious disease may be sufficient to constitute an outbreak.

### Immunizations

Total Vaccines given: 2,755 Number of people vaccinated: 1,302 Number of adults vaccinated: 203 Number of children vaccinated: 1099





### Immunizations Offered

- Td (Tetanus)
- Tdap (Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis)
- Varicella (Chicken Pox)
- MMR (Mumps, Measles, Rubella)
- Meningitis
- 🛡 Hep B
- 🛡 Hep A
- Twinrix (Hep A & Hep B)
- IPV (Polio)
- HPV (human Papilloma Virus)
- Rotavirus
- 🛡 Prevnar
- 🏓 Seasonal Flu

#### Baby Box Program

Making sure that babies have a safe place to sleep can help protect them against sleep related deaths. Through a partnership with the Baby Box Co, we are able to distribute baby boxes to individuals who are currently caring for an infant under 3 months of age, or who are expecting. To make sure your baby is safe while sleeping, it is recommended to have them alone, on their back, and in a crib or bassinet.

In 2018, we distributed 93 baby boxes.

#### Baby and Me Tobacco Free

Our Baby and Me Tobacco Free Program helps women who are currently smoking during pregnancy quit smoking to help improve the chances of having a healthy baby born on time. Women who are enrolled in the Baby and Me Tobacco Free program are eligible to receive monthly vouchers for diapers up until their infant turns 1 year old.

In 2018, we provided 92 sessions and distributed 70 diaper vouchers to pregnant moms who quit smoking.

WIC Total Number of Visits: 7,580 Average Monthly Caseload: 1,835





# Creating Healthy Communities (CHC)

**Creating Healthy Communities** is a grant-funded program through the Ohio Department of Health. The program aims to use cross-sector partnerships to create sustainable, evidence-based strategies to create a culture of health. It is aimed toward preventing and reducing chronic disease by focusing on healthy food access and increased opportunities for physical activity. Marion's CHC engages a wide variety of local partnerships to implement these strategies.



Marion Public Health receives \$95,000 in funding directly to the CHC program. Through our coalition, we were able to leverage an additional \$558,000 to support healthy living improvements in Marion County. This included new and repaired parks and playgrounds, infrastructure improvements for active transportation, farmers markets, mobile produce distribution, and farm to institution programs. The impact of these initiatives reached nearly 50,000 people in Marion County.

### Social Determinants of Health

Where you are born, grow up, live, work, and age all affect your health. The social and economic conditions you experience in your life help to shape your risk of illness and quality of life. These conditions and factors are called social determinants of health. They include things like income, education, socioeconomic, position, gender, gender identity, race or ethnicity, sexual orientation, environment, discrimination, access to services, and ability to participate in society. The CHC program, and Marion Public Health as a whole, seek to address these social determinants of health to change our local systems and policies so that people are not blocked from access to good health and opportunities to improve their quality of life.



### Policy, Systems, and Environmental Change (PSE)

The CHC program utilizes the PSE model for change. That means that we try to change the policies, systems, and environment to make healthy choices practical and available to all community members. By changing laws and shaping physical landscapes, a big impact can be made with little time and resources. By changing policies, systems, and/or environments, we can help tackle health issues like obesity, diabetes, cancer, and other chronic diseases.



# 2018 Staff and Board of Health

### Administration

Tom Quade, Health Commissioner Traci Kinsler, Administrator Lisa Cook, Fiscal Coordinator Thaddeaus Carter, Administrative Support Erin Creeden, Health Equity Specialist

#### <u>WIC</u>

Katrina, Harwood, Director Jessica Woods (current supervisor) Kelly Corfman, Nutritionist Stephanie Walton, Nutritionist Jamie Radcliff, Nutritionist Barbie White, Service Coordinator Jenny Scott, Service Coordinator Dorthey Schweitzer, Peer Helper

### Board of Health

Laurie Wise, President Rob Lill, Vice President Mick Williams Tara Dyer Dick Steven Mike Thomas Dr. Suryaprakash Patel

### Environmental Health

Tyler Pigman, Director Sandy Bridenstine, Sanitarian Madison Shuert, Sanitarian Sanimma Silga, Sanitarian Van Creasap, Sanitarian Jerry Marquis, Code Enforcement Michelle Reale, Administrative Support

#### <u>Nursing</u>

Rachel Hill, Director Hannah Beltz, Nurse Savannah Wurthmann, Nurse Emmanuel Vidal, Epidemiologist Candice Dewitt, Administrative Support

